(Ireland.)

A

B I L L

To settle and describe the Limits and Boundaries of Cities, Boroughs and Towns Corporate in Ireland, and to divide certain of them into Wards.

[Note.—The Words printed in *Italics* are proposed to be inserted in the Committee.]

Preamble:

WHEREAS by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for the Regulation of Municipal Corporations and Borough Towns in Ireland," it is among other things enacted, that the several Boroughs, named in the Schedules to the said Act annexed, should for the purposes of such Act include the place or places, and none other, which should be comprehended within the Boundaries of each of the said Boroughs respectively, as such Boundaries should be settled by any Act to be passed for that purpose in this present Parliament, which Act, when passed, should be deemed and taken to be part of the said recited Act as fully and effectually as if the same were incorporated therewith; provided always, that until the passing of such last-mentioned Act, and in default thereof, the Metes and Bounds of the several Boroughs named in the Schedule (A.) and in the first Section of the Schedule (B.) to the said recited Act annexed, from and after the time when the said recited Act should come into operation in each of the said Boroughs respectively, should for the purposes of the said recited Act be the same as the Limits thereof respectively settled and described in an Act passed in the second and third year of the reign of his late Majesty, intituled, "An Act to settle and describe the Limits of Cities, Towns and Boroughs in Ireland, in so far as respects the Election of Members to serve in Parliament;" and the Metes and Bounds of the several Boroughs named

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named in the second Section of the said Schedule (B.) should, for the purposes of the said recited Act, be and remain as the same are now taken to be by virtue of any charter or usage: And whereas provision was further made by the said recited Act for dividing into Wards certain Boroughs named in the said Schedule (A.) provided that Parliament should, by an Act to be passed in this present Parliament, direct in what manner such division should be made, and should define such Wards, and should apportion among the several Wards of each Borough the number of Councillors and Aldermen mentioned in conjunction with the name of such Borough in the said Schedule (A.), so that the number of Councillors assigned to each Ward should be a number divisible by Three, and the number of Aldermen one-third of the number of Councillors, and in that case the number of Councillors and Aldermen so assigned to each Ward of such Borough, should thenceforth be the number to be elected in such Ward as in the said Act mentioned: And whereas the Act so to be passed for settling the Boundaries of the said Boroughs, and for directing in what manner the Boroughs named in the Schedule (A.) to the said recited Act annexed shall be divided into Wards, and for the other purposes hereinbefore mentioned in this present Act: And whereas the Boroughs whereof the Boundaries were so to be settled as in the said recited Act mentioned are the several Boroughs named in the Schedule (G.) to this Act annexed; and the Wards into which the Boroughs named in the Schedule (A.) to the said recited Act annexed are to be respectively divided, are the Wards named in conjunction with such Borough respectively in the Schedule (H.) to this Act annexed; **BE it therefore Enacted**, by The QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, THAT the several Cities, Towns and Boroughs, as specified in the Schedule (G.) to this Act annexed, shall, as to all the purposes of the said first recited Act respectively, include the Places, and none other, and be comprised within the Boundaries which in such Schedule are respectively specified and described, in conjunction with the Names of such Cities, Towns and Boroughs respectively.

1. Boroughs shall, as to the purposes of the 6 W. 4, c. , include the Places and be comprised within the Boundaries specified in Schedule (G.)

2. Wards to include the Places and to be comprised within the Boundaries specified in Schedule (H.)

And be it Enacted, That the several Wards into which the several Cities, Towns and Boroughs mentioned in the Schedule (H.) to this Act annexed are to be divided, as therein specified, shall, as to all the purposes of the said first recited Act respectively, include the places and none other, and be comprised within the Boundaries which in such Schedule are specified and described in conjunction with the names of such Cities, Towns and Boroughs respectively; and that the number of Councillors and Aldermen mentioned in the

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the said Schedule (H.) in conjunction with the names of such Wards respectively, shall be the number to be elected in each such Ward as in the said recited Act provided.

3. Rules of construction to be observed in interpreting the Schedules.

And be it Enacted, That, subject to any direction to the contrary, the following Rules shall be observed in the construction of the several descriptions of Boundaries contained in the said Schedules hereto annexed; that is to say,

1. That the words "Northward," "Southward," "Eastward," "Westward," shall respectively be understood to denote only the general direction in which any Boundary proceeds from the point last described, and not that such Boundary shall continue to proceed throughout in the same direction to the point next described.

2. That when any Road is mentioned merely by the name of the place to which such Road leads, the principal Road thither from the City, Town or Borough of which the Boundary is in course of description shall be understood.

3. That whenever a Line is said to be drawn from, to or through an object, such Line shall, in the absence of any direction to the contrary, be understood to be drawn from, to or through the centre of such object, as nearly as the centre thereof can be ascertained.

4. That every Building through which, or through any part of which, any Boundary hereby established shall pass, shall be considered within such Boundary.

5. That whenever any Boundary by this Act established is said to pass along any other Boundary, or along any road, street, lane, path, river, stream, canal, drain, brook or ditch, the middle (as nearly as the same can be ascertained) of such other Boundary, or of such other road, street, lane, path, river, stream, canal, drain, brook or ditch, shall, in the absence of any direction to the contrary, be understood: Provided always, That when any such Boundary is said to pass along any side of any square, green or other space having an inclosed area within the same, the middle of the road, street or other way between such side of such square, green or other space having an inclosed area within the same, and the parallel or adjoining side of such inclosed area, shall, in the absence of any direction to the contrary, be understood.

6. That the middle of any Road or Lane shall be understood as the middle of the carriage-way along the same.

 7. That

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7. That when any Boundary by this Act established is said to proceed along a road, lane, path, river, stream, canal, brook or drain, from or to any object, such Boundary shall be understood to proceed from or to that point in the middle of such road, lane, path, river, stream, canal, brook or drain, from which the shortest line would be drawn to the centre of such object, as nearly as the centre of such object can be ascertained.

8. That the point at which any fence, hedge, wall, boundary, road, lane, path, river, stream, canal, drain, brook or ditch, is said to cut, meet, join, cross or leave any boundary, road, lane, path, wall, river, stream, canal, drain, brook or ditch, shall, in the absence of any direction to the contrary, be understood as that point at which a line passing along the middle of the boundary, road, lane, path, wall, river, stream, canal, drain, brook or ditch so cut, met, joined, crossed or left, would be intersected by a line drawn along the middle of the fence, hedge, wall, boundary, road, lane, path, river, stream, canal, drain, brook or ditch, so cutting, meeting, joining, crossing, or leaving, if such line were prolonged sufficiently far.

9. That when a Line is said to be drawn to a road, lane, river, stream or canal, such Line shall, in the absence of any direction to the contrary, be considered as prolonged to the middle of such road, lane, river, stream or canal.

10. That by the words "Sea" and "Sea Coast" shall be understood the low water mark.

11. That if any deficiency shall be found to exist in the line of any Boundary described in the said Schedule to this Act annexed, by reason of the intervention of any space between any two immediately consecutive points, such deficiency shall be supplied by a straight line to be drawn from one to the other of such immediately consecutive points.

4. Places only included within the Boundaries for the purposes of this Act and 6 W. 4, c.

And be it Enacted, That all Places locally situate, or included within the Boundaries of any Borough or of any Ward thereof, as defined under this Act, shall for the purposes of this Act and of the said first recited Act only, be deemed and taken to be a part or parts of such Borough or of such Ward thereof respectively.

5. Misnomer or misdescription not to abridge operation of this Act, and description to relate to 1st March 1836.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That no misnomer or inaccurate description contained in this Act, or in the Schedule hereto annexed, shall in anywise prevent or abridge the operation of this Act, with respect to the subject of such description, provided the same shall be designated so as to be commonly understood; and that for the purpose of identifying the descriptions contained in the said Schedule, with the subject of such descriptions respectively, such

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such descriptions shall, if such construction should be necessary, be held to apply to such subjects as they existed on the *First* day of *March One thousand eight hundred and Thirty-six.*

6.
Mayor to set up Boundary Marks within Six Months after the first Election, under 6 W. 4, c. ;

AND whereas it is expedient that the Metes and Bounds of the several Boroughs and of the several Wards into which the same are by this Act respectively divided, as described in the Schedules to this Act annexed, should be constantly maintained, and that the same should be generally known; BE it Enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That the Mayor of each of the said Boroughs respectively, within *Six* calendar Months after the first election of Municipal Officers to be held under the said first recited Act, shall cause to be set up, at the expense of the Body Corporate of which he is Mayor, permanent and conspicuous Boundary Marks of iron, wood, stone or other durable material, in exact conformity with, or as near as circumstances will admit, to the respective Metes and Bounds of such Boroughs and the several Wards thereof specified in the Schedules to this Act annexed, and in the most public and convenient places along or near the line of such Metes and Bounds; and further, within the period of *Six* calendar Months after the expiration of every successive period of *Three* Years after the first election of Municipal Officers to be held under the said first-recited Act, a Circuit of perambulation of the Metes and Bounds of such Boroughs respectively, and of the several Wards into which the same are by this Act respectively divided, as settled and described in the said Schedules to this Act annexed, shall be made by the Mayor for the time being of such Borough respectively, accompanied by the Town Clerk thereof, and the Town Clerk shall at the time of making such perambulation inquire whether the Name or Names whereby the same or any part thereof are or is described in the said Schedules to this Act annexed, have or has been changed, and by what Name or Description the same are or is there commonly known and distinguished; and if any change in the description thereof shall have taken place, shall note the same in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, and to be called the "Boundary Book" of such Borough; and the Mayor is hereby required, in the event of any such Boundary Mark or Marks as aforesaid being obliterated or defaced, to cause the same to be renewed at the expense of the Body Corporate, within *Three* calendar Months next after such perambulation as aforesaid.

and with the Town Clerk to perambulate the Boundaries once in every Three Years thereafter.

Town Clerk to enter in a Book, to be kept for that purpose, any change in the Name or Description of the Boundaries.

Mayor to replace any Boundary Marks effaced or destroyed.

7.
Mayor or Town Clerk neglecting, to forfeit 20*l.*

And be it Enacted, That if any such Mayor or Town Clerk shall neglect to perform the duties hereinbefore described, such Mayor or Town Clerk shall forfeit the sum of *Twenty* Pounds to His Majesty, to be recovered by action in any one of the Superior Courts at Dublin, or by Civil Bill in any Court of Record having jurisdiction within such Borough respectively.

And

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8. Penalty for defacing or injuring, &c. Boundary Marks, the value thereof and any sum not exceeding 40*s.* for each offence; to be recovered as penalties under 6 W. 4, c. .

And be it Enacted, That if any person or persons shall wilfully or maliciously pull down, deface, obliterate, injure, conceal or destroy any such Boundary Marks as aforesaid, such person or persons shall for every such offence forfeit and pay, in addition to the value of such Boundary Mark or Marks as aforesaid, any sum not exceeding *Forty* Shillings, to be recovered, paid and levied according to the provisions in said first recited Act contained, relative to offences against the said Act, punishable upon summary conviction.

9. Wards to be denominated by the Names in the Schedules.

And be it Enacted, That the several Wards into which the several Boroughs in the Schedule (H.) to this Act specified are by this Act respectively divided, shall henceforth be denominated and distinguished by the Name and Names by which in such Schedule such Wards are specified and described, in conjunction with the Names of such Boroughs respectively, and by no other Name or Names.

10. Act may be altered this Session.

And be it Enacted, That this Act may be amended or altered by any Act or Acts to be passed during this present Session of Parliament.

THE

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THE SCHEDULES

TO WHICH THE FOREGOING ACT REFERS.

SCHEDULE (G.)

ARDEE.

ARDEE. FROM the Point at which the Kildemock Road leaves the Richardstown Road, in a straight Line to the Southernmost Angle of the High Mill, otherwise called Addy's Mill; thence in a straight Line to the Southern End of Mr. Richard's Malt-house; thence in a straight Line to the Western End of Mr. Lee Norman's Farm-house, now in the occupation of Mr. Nolty, on the North side of the Shanlis Cross Road; thence in a straight Line to Ardee House, now in the occupation of Mrs. Ruxton; thence in a straight Line to the Pound situated on the South-west side of the old Road from Ardee to Carrickmacross; thence, across the said Road, and along the Brook bounding the Fair Green to the Bridge over the said Brook on the Dundalk Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road leading to Cappogs Green meets Cow Lane; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

ARMAGH.

ARMAGH. THE Parliamentary Borough of Armagh.

ATHLONE.

ATHLONE. THE Parliamentary Borough of Athlone.

ATHY.

ATHY. FROM the Point at which Woodstock Lane meets the Northern Angle of Woodstock Castle, Westward, along Woodstock Lane, to the Point at which the same meets Barrack Street; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Kilkenny Road leaves the Queen's County, Carlow Road; thence in a straight Line to the South-western Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the new Gaol; thence, Eastward, along the said Enclosure Wall, to the South-eastern Angle thereof; thence in a straight Line to the South-eastern Angle of James Kilbride's House, on the Dublin Road, near the Point at which the said Road leaves the Kildare Road; thence in a straight Line to William Lawler's House, on the Kildare Road; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Angle of the Girls' School-house, situated near the Roman Catholic Chapel; thence in a straight Line to the Northernmost Angle of the Premises of the Malt-house on the Monasterevan Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

BANDON.

BANDON. THE Parliamentary Borough of Bandon.

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BELFAST.

BELFAST.

FROM the Point at which the River Blackstaff meets the Watercourse which flows along the Street called "Donegal Pass," along the said Watercourse to the Point at which Donegal Pass crosses the Aqueduct which supplies the Town; thence Southward along the Aqueduct to the Point at which the same joins the Stream by which it is fed; thence Westward along the said Stream to the Point at which the same meets Blackstaff Lane; thence along the South Side of Blackstaff Lane to the Centre of the Brick Building of the Reservoir or Fountain; thence in a straight Line to a circular Building at a Spring Head or Well called "Tea Lane Fountain;" thence in a straight Line to another circular bricked Fountain or Well in the Grounds near the Flax Mill, belonging to Messrs. Murphy & Co.; thence in a straight Line to the South-eastern Angle of the Boundary of the Townland of Edenderry; thence Northward along the said Townland Boundary to the Point at which the same meets a Stream; thence Westward along the said Stream to the Point at which the same meets the Western Wall of Mr. Francis M'Cracken's Rope-walk; thence Northward along the Wall of the said Rope-walk to the Point at which the same meets the Shankhill Road; thence in a straight Line to the Southernmost Point at which the Boundary of the New Burying Ground meets the Antrim Road; thence Northward along the Antrim Road to the Point at which the same meets the Road leading from the Antrim Road to the old Road from Belfast to Carrickfergus; thence along the said Road leading to the old Road to Carrickfergus to the Point at which the same meets the old Road from Belfast to Carrickfergus; thence Northward along the old Road from Belfast to Carrickfergus to the Point at which the same meets the Mill Water; thence Eastward along the Mill Water to the point at which the same meets the Shore of Belfast Lough; thence Southward along the Shore of Belfast Lough to the Point at which the same meets the Northern Boundary of the Townland of Ballymacarret; thence Eastward along the Boundary of the Townland of Ballymacarret to the Southernmost Point at which the same meets the River Lagan; thence Southward along the River Lagan to the Point at which the same meets the River Blackstaff; thence along the River Blackstaff to the Point first described.

BOYLE.

BOYLE.

FROM the Point at which the River Eskey crosses the Road connecting the old and new Roads to Sligo, in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of the Church Yard Enclosure Wall; thence, along the Eastern Wall of the Church Yard, to the Point at which the same meets the Northern Boundary Wall of the Plantation, now the Residence of Lord Lorton's Agent; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary Wall of the Plantation to the Point at which the same meets the Sligo Road; thence, Southward, along the Sligo Road, and along a Road, leading over the New Bridge to the Carrick-on-Shannon Road, to the Point at which such Road meets the Carrick-on-Shannon Road; thence, Eastward, along the Carrick-on-Shannon Road, to a Point which is distant Two hundred and twenty Yards (measured, Eastward, along the Carrick-on-Shannon Road) from the new Bridge; thence in a straight Line through the South-eastern Angle of the Enclosure of a new Store on the Elphin Road, and which Store is distant Five hundred and ten Yards (a little more or less) measured, Southward, along the Elphin Road from Boyle Bridge, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the French Park and Elphin Road; thence, Westward, in a straight Line to a Mound or old Fort, which is distant Five hundred and fifty Yards (a little more or less) from the last described Point, and Two hundred and ten Yards (a little more or less) to the South of the River Boyle; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Angle of a large Brew House, on the Ballaghadireen Road, which is distant Two hundred Yards (a little more or less) measured, Westward, along such Road from the Point at which the same leaves the Ballymote Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Ballymote Road is met by a Lane from the Northward at a distance of Two hundred Yards (a little more or less) measured, Westward, along the Ballymote Road from the Point at which

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BOYLE—(*continued.*)

which the same leaves the Ballaghadireen Road; thence along a straight Line, drawn from the Point last described to the Church Steeple, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Boundary between the respective Townlands of Deer Park and Mockmoine; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the River Eskey, which is distant One hundred Yards (measured, Westward, along such River) from the Point at which the same crosses the old Road from Boyle to Sligo; thence, Eastward, along the River Eskey, to the Point first described.

CALLAN.

CALLAN.

FROM the ancient Fort or Mound at the Southern End of the Green, in a straight Line to the Point at which the Kilmagamey Road meets (near Baker's Mill) a Lane leading from the Kilmagamey Road to the Green; thence in a straight Line to the Southern End of Baker's Mill; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Kilbricken Road meets a Lane leading to the Fields, and which Point is distant One hundred and twenty Yards (a little more or less) measured, Eastward, along the Kilbricken Road from the ruined Church; thence in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of the House called Castle View, now in the occupation of Mrs. Butler; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Pillar of the Lodge Gate (on the Ballingarry Road) of Westcourt House; thence in a straight Line to the Westernmost Angle of Westcourt House; thence in a straight Line to the South-eastern Angle of a Farm House on the Mullanahone Road, now in the occupation of Patrick Carrol; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

CARLOW.

CARLOW.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Carlow.

CARRICKFERGUS.

CARRICKFERGUS.

FROM the Point on the North-east of Carrickfergus, at which a Watercourse (flowing along the Lane which forms the Eastern Boundary of a Plot of Land called Peg's Land) meets the Sea Shore, along the said Watercourse, to the Eastern Stone Pillar of a Gate in the said Lane, which Gate is distant Five hundred Feet (a little more or less), measured Northward along such Lane, from the Point at which the same leaves the Larne Road; thence along a straight Line drawn from the said Stone Pillar to the ruins of a Windmill on Mill Hill, (called Windmill Stump), to a Point which is distant One hundred and thirty-two Feet (measured Eastward along such straight Line), from the Point at which the same crosses Ellis Street; thence, Northward, along a Line drawn parallel to Ellis Street, and to the Lane which turns Northward from Ellis Street at Clipper's Town (at the same distance of One hundred and thirty-two Feet to the East of the said Lane), to the Point at which such Line cuts a straight Line drawn from a Point on the Ballynure Road, which is distant Five hundred Feet (measured Northward along such Road), from the Point at which the same leaves the aforesaid Lane at Clipper's Town, through a Point on the said Lane which is distant Five hundred Feet (measured along such Lane), from the Point at which the same leaves the Ballynure Road; thence along the straight Line through the said two Points to a Point which is distant One hundred and thirty-two Feet (measured Westward along such straight Line), from the Point at which the same crosses the Ballynure Road; thence, Southward, along a Line drawn parallel to the Ballynure Road and Ellis Street, (at the same distance of One hundred and thirty-two Feet to the West of the said Road and Street), to the Point at which such Line cuts the before-mentioned Line of direction from the Gate Pillar to Windmill Stump;

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CARRICKFERGUS—(*continued.*)

Stump; thence, Westward, along the said straight Line to Windmill Stump; thence in a straight Line through a Point on the Belfast Road which is distant Five hundred Feet (measured Westward along such Road), from the Point at which the same meets Davy's Street to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Sea Shore; thence, Eastward, along the Sea Shore to the Point first described.

CASHEL.

CASHEL.

FROM the South-western Extremity of the Town where the Deer-park Road meets the Cahir Road, in a Westerly direction, up the Deer-park Road, for about Two hundred and ninety Yards, to the Eastern Pier of a Gate on the North Side of said Road, where an earth fence runs Northward; thence in a straight Line, and a Northerly direction, to the South-east Angle of the square centre Tower of Hore Abbey; thence in a straight Line, bearing East, to the Point in the Camos Road where it is met by the Circular Road, at the base of the Castle Hill; thence, Easterly, along the Circular Road, to the Point where it meets the Armel Road; thence, South-easterly, in a straight Line to the North-eastern angle of a large House called the Charter School, now occupied by Mr. Roche; thence in a straight Line and Easterly direction, to the South-west Angle of a (conspicuous) House called Summer Hill, close to the Kilnoul Road, and a little to the North-west of Gallows Hill; thence in a straight Line and South-westerly direction, to a Point in the Feathard Road, at the South-east extremity of the Town, where a Lane branches off in a South-easterly direction (this Point is about One hundred and seventeen Yards Southward of the Intersection of the centre Lines of John Street and Friar Street); thence in a straight Line and North-westerly direction, to the North Pier of a Gate situated on the East Side of a Bye Road (called "Bolin Ranuker"), leading to the Commons from the South of the Town, said Pier being distant from the North-west Angle of the Gaol enclosing Wall about Two hundred and forty Yards; thence in a North-westerly direction, and in a straight Line, to the Point first described.

CHARLEVILLE.

CHARLEVILLE.

FROM the Point at which the old Road from Charleville, by Croom, to Limerick, meets a Road called Bohreenglass, Eastward, along the said old Road to Limerick to the Angle at which the same turns Southward into Charleville; thence in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of a House, now in the occupation of Mrs. Ryan; thence, Southward, along the Wall which forms the North-eastern Enclosure Wall of the Farm Buildings and Corn Mill (also in the occupation of Mrs. Ryan), to the Point at which the said Wall meets the Boundary of the Belfont Demesne; thence, Southward, along the Boundary of the Belfont Demesne to the Point at which the some meets the Kilmallock Road; thence in a straight Line to the South-eastern Angle of the Grave Yard, in which stand the Ruins of the Church of Ballysallagh; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Milltown Road leaves the New Road from Charleville to Cork; thence, along the Milltown Road, to a Point which is distant One hundred and ninety Yards (measured, Westward, along such Road) from the Point at which the same leaves the New Road from Charleville to Cork; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

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CLOGHNAKILTY.

CLOGHNAKILTY.

FROM the Point at which the Road from Cloghnakilty, by Facheen's Bridge, to Timoleague, leaves the Ring Road, Eastward, along the said Road to Timoleague, to the Point at which the same meets a Bye Road, leading from the Timoleague Road to the Bandon Road; thence along the said Bye Road to the Point at which the same meets the Bandon Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which Skirragh's Lane leaves the old Road from Cloghnakilty to Bandon; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the River Foilagh crosses the Ross Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road, leading from the Clogheen Road to Mr. Watt Kirby's House, leaves the Clogheen Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which a Lane, leading from the Youghal Strand Road to the Fields, leaves the Youghal Strand Road, and which point is distant One hundred and ten Yards (a little more or less), measured, Southward, along such Road from the Point at which the same leaves Oliver's Lane; thence, Eastward, along the Youghal Strand Road to the Point at which the same meets the Water Line of the Harbour; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

CLONMEL.

CLONMEL.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Clonmel.

COLERAINE.

COLERAINE.

FROM the Point on the Road from Coleraine to Ballymoney, about the distance of Four hundred and fifty Yards Southward from the Street called Terrace Road, and where the South Fence of the Field immediately South of the Glebe is terminated, Westerly, by said Road to Ballymoney; thence, Eastward, along South Fence of said Field, to the Point where it is terminated Easterly by a narrow Lane; thence, Eastward, in a straight Line to a Point on the Lodge Road where the Townland Boundary of Coleraine and Suburbs departs Easterly from said Road; thence, Easterly, along said Townland Boundary to a Point where it meets the Lodge Brook; thence, Northerly, in a straight Line to a Point on the Road from Coleraine to Ballycastle, Two hundred and forty-three Yards distant Easterly from the Lane leading Southerly to Hillmount Fancy, and opposite the South-west Corner of the Flush Field where the Townland Boundary of Coleraine and Suburbs departs North-westerly from the Ballycastle Road; thence, North-westerly and Westerly, along the said Townland Boundary across the Road to Port Rush, and down a Watercourse Westerly along said Townland Boundary to a Point where the Townland Boundary suddenly departs Northward from said Watercourse; thence in the continuation and Line of last-mentioned Watercourse, along a wide and deep Ditch, until it arrives and terminates Westerly at a Point on the East Shore of the River Bann; thence across the River Bann in a South-westerly direction to a Point on the West Shore of said River, where the Northern Bank which bounds the Plantation of Jackson Hall departs from the River Bann; thence, Westward, along said Bank to the West End thereof; thence along another Bank running in continuation of the Line of the first-mentioned Bank to the Point where the same meets the Bally Cairn Road; thence, Southward, on the Bally Cairn Road Twenty-five Feet to the Point where a Bank departs Westward from said Road; thence along said Bank proceeding Westward from Bally Cairn Road for the space of One hundred and sixty-one Yards to the Point where the East and West Bank is met by another running North and South; thence, South, to the Point on the Old Road to Newtown Limavady from Coleraine, at the distance of One hundred and sixty-seven Yards Westward from its Junction with the Bally Cairn Road; thence, Southward,

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COLERAINE—(*continued.*)

Southward, by a straight Line in the direction of the Centre of the Glebe House of Killowen, until such Line or Direction arrives at the Point on a Lane called the Big Bog Lane leading Westerly from Laurel Hill; thence, Eastward, along the Big Bog Lane for the space of One hundred and twenty-two Yards, to the Point where a Watercourse departs from said Lane to the South; thence along said Watercourse until it becomes the Boundary of the Parish of Killowen, and so down in continuation until said Watercourse and said Parish Boundary terminate at the Point on the West Shore of the River Bann; thence, Eastward, across the River Bann to the Point where a Fence coming down Westerly from the Ballymoney Road there terminates; thence, Eastward, up last-mentioned Fence to where it meets the Ballymoney Road at the Point first described.

CORK.

CORK.

FROM the Point where Silver Stream Lane meets the Dublin Road, Northward, along the said Lane to the Upper Glanmire Road; thence in a straight Line and North direction to the Spring and Stream that flows into the Glen River; thence follow the Stream to the River; thence, West, along the River Glen to the Eastern Wall of Callaghan's Distillery; thence, Northward, along the said Wall to Spring Lane; thence, East, along Spring Lane to Ballyvo Road; thence in a straight Line and Westerly direction to the Junction of the Mallow and Old Dublin Roads; thence in a straight Line and Westerly direction to the Junction of Fairfield Lane and Brocklesbury Street; thence in a straight Line and Southerly direction to the West End of Water Lane; thence to a Point in Fair Lane, Five hundred Yards to the North of the Junction of the said Lane with Corbett's Lane; thence to a Point on the Granagher Road, Four hundred Yards from its Junction with Blarney Road; thence in a straight Line to the Junction of the Lane (near Skilla Lane) leading to the City Gaol with the Blarney Road; thence along the Lane leading to the City Gaol to the South-west Corner of the surrounding Wall of the said Gaol; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Sunday Well Road, Three hundred Yards to the East of Wellington Bridge; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Mardyke Walk, Seven hundred Yards to the East of the Lane leading from Wellington Bridge to the said Mardyke Walk; thence in a straight Line to the Road leading to the County Gaol; thence along the said Road to the Nort-east Corner of the surrounding Wall of the said County Gaol; thence along the said North-east Wall to the Northern Macroom and Bandon Road; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Bandon Road, One hundred and twenty Yards West of the Junction of the said Road with the Southern Macroom and Bandon Road; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Kinsale Road, Three hundred and seventy Yards from the Junction of Lough Lane with the Bandon Road, and measured along the middle of Lough Lane and the Kinsale Road; thence in a straight Line to the Junction of Poula Duff Road with Gallows Green; thence in a straight Line and South-east direction to the Point where the New Burying Ground Lane meets Friar's Walk; thence along the New Burying Ground Lane to the Curragh Road; thence in a North-east direction along the Curragh Road to Evergreen Road; thence in a straight Line and North-east direction to a Point on the Passage Road, where a Lane leads from the said Road to the Junction of the Black Rock Road with Boreen Managh Lane; thence along the said Lane to the Point of Junction of the said Black Rock Road and Boreen Managh Lane; thence, East, along the said Black Rock Road to Lucy Ville Lane; thence in a straight Line to the nearest Point of the surrounding Wall of the City Gas Works; thence along the Eastern Wall of the said Gas Works to the nearest Point of the River; thence, Eastward, along the High Water Mark to the Point nearest the Old Castle; thence across the River to the first-named Point.

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DINGLE.

DINGLE.

FROM a Point in Goat Street, which is distant Three hundred and fifty Yards (measured Westward along such Street) from the Point at which the same meets Chapel Lane, in a straight Line to the Pound, at the junction of the Mountain and Killinagh Roads; thence in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of Mr. Hickson's House; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Spa Road, which is distant Four hundred Yards (measured, Eastward, along such Road) from the Point at which the same leaves Middle Street; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the old Road from Dingle to Tralee, which is distant Six hundred Yards (measured, Southward, along Bridge Street and the old Road to Tralee) from the Point at which Bridge Street meets the Spa Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road from Dingle to the Beach leaves the Tralee Road; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Strand, which is distant Four hundred Yards (measured Westward along the Strand) from the Pier; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

DROGHEDA.

DROGHEDA.

FROM the Point called "Liberty Bridge," near Greenhills, on the Left Bank of the River Boyne, East of the Town, where a small Stream enters the River in an Easterly direction, up Cord Lane to the South-east Corner of the Burial Ground; thence, Northerly, along the Eastern or Boundary Wall of the Burial Ground, up the Lane, to Scarlet Lane; thence to the North-west Corner of the Gaol Wall; thence in a straight Line to the North-east Corner of Harman's Garden Wall; thence, Southerly, round the Garden Wall to the South-west Corner; thence in a straight Line to the Cross Roads at the top of Windmill Lane; thence to the North Road to the Point where the Parliamentary Boundary crosses it; thence in a straight Line, keeping the Parliamentary Boundary, to the South-west Corner of Laburnum Nursery, being about Three hundred Yards; thence in a straight Line to the Junction of Mell Lane and Collon Road; thence in a straight Line to Low-water Mark, Left Bank of the River; thence, diagonally, across the River, down Stream to a Sluice, where a small Stream enters the River and the Parliamentary Borough crosses; thence to the South End of Mr. Ball's House, Ball's Grove; thence to the Junction of a Lane coming from the South with the Road to Navan and the Black Lion, near a Stone Quarry, and about Two hundred and fifty Yards South of the River; thence in a straight Line to Levan's Bridge; thence, keeping the course of the Brook, Westerly, to Cooley Bridge; thence in a straight Line to the South-east Angle of the Boundary Wall of Saint Mary's Churchyard, being part of the Old Town Walls; thence in a straight Line to the Dublin Road, at the Point of Junction with a Lane running North from Cromwell's Mount; thence in a straight Line to the East End of Mr. Wier's New House, on the Road to Morningtown; and thence across the River to the Point first described.

DUBLIN.

DUBLIN.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Dublin.

DUNDALK.

DUNDALK.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Dundalk.

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DUNGANNON.

DUNGANNON. { THE Parliamentary Borough of Dungannon.

ENNIS.

ENNIS. { THE Parliamentary Borough of Ennis.

ENNISCORTHY.

ENNISCORTHY. { FROM the Point at which the Killan Road leaves the Kilteely Road, in a straight Line through the Northern Angle of the Bishop's Residence to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the old Road from Enniscorthy to Gorey; thence, Eastward, along the said old Road to Gorey to the Bridge, over a Gully or Stream, near the Point at which the said old Road to Gorey meets the Gorey Road; thence, Southward, along the said Gully or Stream to the Point at which the same joins the River Slaney; thence in a straight Line to the Windmill (in ruins) on the summit of Vinegar Hill; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Clandow Road is met by a Lane from the South-east, and which Point is distant Two hundred and eighty Yards (a little more or less) measured, Eastward, along the Clandow Road, from the Point at which the same leaves the old Road from Enniscorthy to Wexford; thence, Westward, along the Clandow Road to the Point at which the same meets the old Road from Enniscorthy to Wexford; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Urrin Stream joins the River Slaney; thence along the Urrin Stream to Carley's Bridge on the New Ross Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

ENNISKILLEN.

ENNISKILLEN. { FROM the Westernmost Point of the Townland of Toneystick, on the East of the Town, in a straight Line to the salient Point of the North-western Bastion of East Fort; thence in a straight Line to the Salient Point of the North-eastern Bastion of East Fort; thence in a straight Line in the direction of the South-western Angle of the County Infirmary, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Boundary of the Townland of Toneystick; thence, Southward, along the Boundary of the Townland of Toneystick to the Point at which the same meets Lough Erne; thence along the Townland Boundary, through the middle of the Channel South of the Island of Enniskillen, to the Point at which it joins the Boundary between the Townlands of Coleshill and Windmill Hill, in the Western Suburb of the Town; thence, Westward, along the said Boundary to a Point which is distant One hundred Yards (measured along such Boundary), beyond the Point at which the same joins the Florence Court Road; thence in a straight Line to the South-western Angle of West Fort; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Boundary between the Townlands of Windmill Hill and Portora meets the Eastern Bank of Lough Galliagh; thence, Northward, along the Eastern Bank of Lough Galliagh, to the Point at which the same meets the Church Hill Road; thence towards Enniskillen along the last-mentioned Road to the Lodge Gate of Portora School; thence along a Hedge which runs at the foot of the Lawn of Portora School, Northward, to Lough Erne, to the Point at which the same meets Lough Erne: thence in the same direction to the middle of the Channel between the Townlands of Portora and Cornagrade; thence along the middle of the Channel, and Southward of Piper's Island, to the Point first described.

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FEATHARD.

FEATHARD.

FROM the Point at which the Killnoul Road is met on the Western side by a Bank, and which Point is distant One hundred and twenty Yards (a little more or less) measured, Southward, along the Killnoul Road from the Point at which the same leaves the Saussestown Road, Westward, along the said Bank to the North-eastern Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the Barrack Field; thence, Westward, along the said Wall to the North-western Angle thereof; thence in a straight line to the Western Pier of a Gate on the Gracetown Road, which Gate is distant Two hundred Yards (a little more or less) measured, Northward, along the Gracetown Road from the Old Town Gate in Chapel Lane; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Gracetown Road is met on the Western Side by a Bank, and which Point is distant Twenty Yards (a little more or less) measured along such straight Line from the Point last described; thence, Westward, along the last mentioned Bank to the Point at which the same meets the North-eastern Angle of the Stone Wall inclosing the Still Field; thence in a straight Line to John Burn's House, on the Cashel Road, opposite to the South-western Angle of the Watering Pond; thence along a Bank and dry Wall running South-westerly from John Burn's House, over the top of Kircum Burbush Hill, to the Point at which the said Bank turns to the South-eastward, and which Point is distant One hundred and fifty Yards (a little more or less) measured along the said Bank from John Burn's House; thence, Eastward, along the said Bank, for about Seventy Yards, to the Point at which the same meets another Bank running to the South-west; thence, Westward, along the lastmentioned Bank till the same meets an old Pier on the Eastern Side of the Red City Road, and which Pier is distant One hundred and seventy Yards (a little more or less) measured, Northward, along the Red City Road from the Point at which the same leaves the old Road from Feathard to Clonmel; thence in a straight Line to Garench Bridge, on the old Road from Feathard to Clonmel; thence, Eastward, along the Garench Rivulet to the Point at which the same joins the Glashall Stream; thence, Eastward, along the Glashall Stream to the Point at which the same joins the Saussestown Stream; thence in a straight Line to Cramp's Bridge; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

GALWAY.

GALWAY.

FROM the South-eastern Angle of the House called Bellmount (now the property of William Kelly, Esquire), on the Eastern Side of the Oughterard Road, Eastward, in a straight Line to the Point on the Southern Shore of Turlough, at which a Lane leaves such Shore, and meets the Bohermore Road, at about Six hundred and eighty Yards North-eastward of the Entrance Gate of the County Infirmary; thence along the said Lane, to its Point of Junction with the Bohermore Road; thence, Southward, in a straight Line to the South eastern Angle of the College, on the Northern Side of the College Road; thence, Southward, in a straight Line, in the direction of the Edge of the steep Cliff which forms the Western Shore of Hare Island, to the Point at which such straight Line meets the Northern Shore of Lough Athalia; thence, South-westward, in a straight Line to the Eastern Point of the new Pier called "Slate Pier;" thence, Westward, along the Shore of Galway Bay, to the Point at which it is intersected by a Line from the Lighthouse in Mutton Island, to the Tower of the House called "Fort Eyre" (now in the occupation of the Reverend Edward Eyre Maunsell); thence, North-westward, along such Line to a Point One hundred and five Yards North-westward from the Northern Side Wall of the Road to the Village of Boherard; thence, North-eastward, in a straight Line to the Point first described.

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GOREY.

GOREY.

FROM the Point at which the Old Carnew Road is met, on the Southern side, by a Lane, and which Point is distant Four hundred and fifty Yards (a little more or less) measured, Westward, along the old Carnew Road from the Market House, in a straight Line to Mattillia Cottage; thence in a straight Line to Rose Cottage, thence in a straight Line to Millmount House; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Southern Wall of Mr. Richards's Brewery meets the Killaine Road; thence in a straight Line to the Clonattin School House on the old Road to Dublin; thence in a straight Line to the Deanery; thence in a straight Line to Clonattin Bridge on the Limerick Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the old and the new Entrances into the Rainsfort Domain meet the Hacket's Town Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described

KELLS.

KELLS.

FROM a Point on the Cavan Road, which is distant One hundred and thirty-eight Yards measured, Westward, along such Road from the Corner House on the Circular Road, in a straight Line to the Point at which the Old Castle Road crosses a straight Line drawn from the South End of the Fever Hospital, to St. Columb's Well; thence in a straight Line to the Old Tower, being part of the Old Town Walls; thence in a straight Line to the Western End of the Stables of Mr. Rothwell's House; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Mullingar Road, which is distant One hundred Yards (measured, Southward, along such Road) from the Point at which the same leaves the Athboy Road; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Athboy Road, which is distant One hundred Yards (measured, Eastward, along such Road) from the Point at which the same leaves the Mullingar Road; thence in a straight Line to the Bridge over the Brook, at the South End of Suffolk Street; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Southern Boundary of the Premises of the Brewery meets the Inclosure Wall of the Roman Catholic Chapel; thence in a straight Line to the South-eastern Corner of the Fence of Lady Headfort's School; thence along the Eastern Boundary Fence of the said School to the Point at which the same meets the Drogheda Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Brook turns to the Northward; thence in a straight Line to the North-western Corner of the Grave-yard adjoining the Pound; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which Pitcher Lane meets Maudlin Street; thence along Pitcher Lane to the Point at which the same crosses a straight Line, drawn from Aughey's Farm-house through the Point at which Aughey's Lane meets Maudlin Street; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

KILKENNY.

KILKENNY.

FROM the Point South-west of the City, where the Brega River crosses the Road to Clonmel, following the course of the River, Northerly, to the Point where the River makes a sudden turn to the Eastward, and where the Mill Stream, from a ruined Factory West of the River, meets the River Brega; thence in a straight Line to the Point on the Bonnetstown Road, where a Bye-road, leading to "Lousy Bush," leaves the Bonnetstown Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at the South End of a Farm-house on the Western Road to Freshford, belonging to Mr. Purcell, and occupied by Michael M'Donell; thence in a straight Line across the main Road to Freshford, and across the River Nore, to the Point where the Road to Ballyragget along the River leaves the Old Road to Castlecomer, and just North of the Police Station at Mount Brilliant; thence, following the Old Road to Castlecomer, to the Point where it joins the New Road leading from the Barracks, at a New House belonging to Mr. Nowlan; thence in a straight Line to the Point at the North-east Corner of the Barrack Inclosure, and forming the Back or Eastern Wall

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KILKENNY—(*continued.*)

Wall of the Barracks, to the South-eastern Corner thereof, on the Road to John's Well, at the Point; thence in a straight Line across the Clara Road, and across Williams's Lane, to a remarkable Building on a Hill, East of the City, belonging to Mr. Purcell, called the Gazebo; thence, in a straight Line across the River Nore, to the Point at the South-eastern Corner of Mr. Scott's Garden, on the Road to Bennett's Bridge; thence, following the Southern Inclosure of the said Garden, and of the adjoining Garden of Switser's Asylum, to the Point where it meets a Lane leading from the Bennett's Bridge Road to the Waterford Road; thence, following the said Lane, to the Point where it joins the Waterford Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at the South-western Corner of the Inclosure of the House of Correction; thence, following the Western Side of the Inclosure Wall, to the Point where, if produced, it would meet the Road to Kells; thence, Westerly, along the Road to Kells, to the Point where a Quarry, on the North Side of the Road, joins the said Road, and about One hundred Yards from the Point; thence turning Northerly, along a Stone Wall about Ninety Yards, to the Point where the said Stone Wall meets a Lane called Water's Lane, leading from Upper Patrick Street towards Mr. Robertson's House, called "Rose Hill," thence along the said Lane, Westerly, to the Point where it crosses the River Brega, South of Rose Hill; thence along the Brega to the Point first described.

KINSALE.

KINSALE.

FROM the Point on the North-east of the Town at which the New Cork Road crosses the Old Cork Road on Camp Hill, in a straight Line to the Northern Extremity of Mr. Hurley's Stables; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road to Bandon River leaves the Road to Bandon; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Blindgate Road meets the Compass Hill Road; thence in a straight Line over Compass Hill to the Westernmost House at the place called the World's End (and passing in the same direction to the centre of the River Bandon; thence following the middle of the River to the Point at which it would be intersected by a Line drawn in the direction of the first Bank which runs up the Hill East of and beyond the Village of Scilly); thence to the Point at which the Coast is met by the said Bank; thence along the said Bank to the Point at which the same meets the Road from Scilly to Charles Fort; thence in a straight Line to the Point on the Harbour Hill Road which is distant One hundred and eighty Yards (measured along the Harbour Hill Road), to the East of the Barrack Wall; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

LIMERICK.

LIMERICK.

FROM the Point at the North of King's Island where the Salmon Weir River flows from the Shannon, along the said Salmon Weir River till it reaches the Point where the Canal joins the said River; thence in a direction Easterly along the Canal for about half a Mile to the Centre of Park Bridge, which crosses the Canal; thence in a straight Line to the centre of the Cupola upon the top of the Lunatic Asylum; thence in a straight Line and South-westerly direction to the Point in the Roxborough Road, where it is met by Wilmont Lane; thence along Wilmont Lane to the West Pier of a Gate belonging to Mr. Maloney, on North Side of said Lane and nearly opposite to Wilmont Villa; thence in a straight Line and North-westerly direction, across Mr. Maloney's Field and two other Fields, till it reaches the Extremity of a small Lane; thence continuing along the said Lane, past the Limestone Quarry of William Hargan, until it reaches Bohirboy Road; thence, Westerly, along Bohirboy till it reaches Hore Street; thence, North-westerly, along Hore Street to the South Circular Road; thence, North-easterly, about Twenty-three Yards along the Circular Road to where Court Brack Avenue leads off North-westerly; thence, North-westerly, along Court Brack Avenue till it reaches Harvey's Quay, situated at the End of said Avenue; thence in a straight Line across the Shannon to Barrington's Quay, upon

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LIMERICK—(*continued.*)

upon the Clare Side, near the old Ruins of Kilrush Church; thence about Two hundred Yards, North-easterly, along Barrington's Quay to the North Circular Road; thence, North-westerly, and following the direction of the Circular Road to where it meets the Shelbourne and Farrenshowen Roads; thence along the Farrenshowen Road to where it crosses the New Ennis Mail Coach Road, at nearly Half a Mile from Wellesley Bridge; thence continuing about One hundred Yards up the Farrenshowen Road to where is a Cottage at a turn in the Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point where the Killaloe Road meets the old North Ennis Road; thence along the Killaloe Road to the Point where it meets the Black Stick Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

LONDONDERRY.

LONDONDERRY.

FROM a stout Masonry Pillar, North Side of Gateway at Black Bush Cottage, on West Side of the Road to Fahan, Eastward, by a straight Line to the West End of the Brick Wall, forming a part of the North Boundary of the Premises of the Free Grammar School of Foyle Academy; thence, Easterly, along the above-mentioned Brick Wall to its Eastern Termination at the High Road on the Bank of the River Foyle; thence, Eastward, in a straight Line in continuation of the Line of the Brick Wall last mentioned, until the same arrives at the Point, being its intersection, of the ordinary Low Water-mark on the East Shore of the River Foyle; thence, Southward, along the Line of the ordinary Low Water-mark until such Line is terminated by the prolongation Westward of the Line of the South Boundary Fence of the Pleasure Grounds of the late William Bond, Esq.; thence, Eastward, along the Line of the above-mentioned Boundary Fence of Pleasure Grounds until it arrives at its Point of Intersection with the East Side of the Road to Newtown Limavady; thence, South-easterly, in a straight Line to a stout Masonry Pillar, West Side of a Gateway on the South Side of the Dungiven Road, about Fifty Yards East of Newtown Limavady Road; thence, Southerly, in a straight Line to a Point on the Clondermot Road where the North Boundary Fence of the Tannery Premises of Mr. William M'Carter terminates; thence, South-westerly, in a straight Line to the Point on the Road to Donymanagh, distant Two hundred and fifty Feet from its Point of Junction with the Old Strabane Road; thence, Westerly, in a straight Line to the Point on the Old Strabane Road, where a Lane departs Southerly to the Fields; thence, Westerly, along the Old Strabane Road to the South-westernmost Gable of the Houses at Gobnascale, on the North-west side of said Old Strabane Road; thence, Westerly, in a straight Line to a Point in the Townland Boundary between Gobnascale and Tamnymore, where said Boundary is met by a Lane from the North-east; thence, North-westerly, in continuation and prolongation of last-mentioned Townland Boundary, until it meets and intersects the Line of ordinary Low Water-mark on the East Shore of the River Foyle; thence, South-westerly, along the Line of the ordinary Low Water-mark, until it is intersected by a Line drawn from the North-east Angle of Foyle Hill Park, across the River Foyle, to a Cottage situate about One hundred and sixty Yards East of the Point of Intersection of the Boundary between the Townland of Gobnascale and Tamnymore, and the Old Strabane Road; thence, North-westerly, along the intersecting Line just mentioned, to the North east Angle of the Boundary Fence of Foyle Hill Park; thence, North-westerly, along the North Boundary Fence of Foyle Hill Park to the Point where it meets Long Moor Lane; thence, North-westerly, along the North Boundary Fence of Foyle Hill Park to a Point Two hundred Feet West of Long Moor Lane; thence, North-easterly, in a straight Line to the North End of the Brick Wall forming the Western Boundary Fence of Walker's Nurseries; thence, North-easterly, along the Western Boundary of the Nursery Grounds to a Point on the Road to Newton Cunningham, where it forms a sharp Angle; thence, Northerly, in a straight Line to a Point in the Avenue leading to the Deer Park, Two hundred Feet

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LONDONDERRY—(*continued.*)

fect distant Westward from the Entrance Gate in Long Moor Lane; thence, North-easterly, in a straight Line to the South-west End of the Rope Walk on the Creggan Road; thence, North easterly, in a straight Line to a Point in the Lane leading Westward from the Gate at Black Bush Cottage, One hundred Feet distant Westward of said Gate; thence, Eastward, One hundred Feet along the last-mentioned Lane to the Pillar on the Fahan Road first described.

LONGFORD.

LONGFORD.

FROM the Point at which the Stream, which divides the Glebe from the Town Parks joins the Crumlin River, Southward, along such Stream to the Point at which the same crosses the Edgeworthstown Road; thence in a straight Line to the Canal Stable, which is distant Two hundred and twenty Yards (a little more or less) measured along the Canal from the North End of the Canal Basin; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which a Stream crosses the Roscommon Road, and which Point is distant Three hundred and fifty Yards (a little more or less) measured, Westward, along such Road, from the Point at which the same leaves the Main Street; thence, Northward, along the said Stream, to the Point at which the same joins the Crumlin River; thence in a straight Line to the North-western Angle of the Wall of the Horse Barrack; thence in a straight Line to the North-western Angle of the Wall of the Gaol; thence in a straight Line to the Gateway of the Artillery Barracks, on the Mullagh Road; thence, Eastward, along the Mullagh Road to the House now in the occupation of James Plunket; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

MARYBOROUGH.

MARYBOROUGH.

FROM the North-eastern Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the New Gaol in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road, by the Ridge, to Mountmellick is met, on the Northern Side, by a Lane from the Fields, and which Point is distant One hundred and forty Yards (a little more or less), measured, Northward, along such Road, from the Point at which a Road from Maryborough, (passing between the Zion Chapel and the Old Fort, and crossing a small Stream), meets the said Road to Mountmellick; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road to Mountmellick, called the Green Road, meets the Lane leading to the "Green Mill;" thence in a straight Line to a Point on a Bye Road, which runs close to the Southern Side of Mr. Harper's House, at which such Bye Road crosses the Boundary between the respective Parishes of Borris, or Maryborough, and Clonenagh; thence, Southward, along the said Parish Boundary to the Point at which the same meets the Road to Mountrath and Limerick; thence in a straight Line to the South-western Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the new Barracks; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the old Road from Maryborough to Ballyroan meets a Bank or Hedge, which Bank is the Boundary between the respective Townlands of Little Borris and Downs; thence, Eastward, along the said Bank (for about Thirty Yards) to the Summit of the rise called the "Ridge;" thence along a straight Line, drawn from the Summit of the Ridge to the Cupola of the Lunatic Asylum, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Stradbally Road; thence, Eastward, along the Stradbally Road to the South-eastern Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the Lunatic Asylum; thence, Northward, along the Enclosure Wall of the said Asylum to the Point at which the same meets the Dublin Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

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MONAGHAN.

MONAGHAN.

FROM the Dwelling House on the Tedavnet Road, now in the occupation of Captain Lewis, in a straight Line to the Dwelling House, in the Avenue Walk, now in the occupation of —— Hennessey; thence, Northward, along the Avenue Walk to the Point at which the same meets Barrack Lane; thence, Eastward, along Barrack Lane to the Point at which the same meets the Londonderry Road; thence, Southward, along the Londonderry Road to the Point at which the same meets Roosky Lane; thence, Eastward, along Rooksky Lane, to a Stone Gate Post, which is distant Two hundred Yards (measured along such Lane) from the Point at which the same leaves the Londonderry Road; thence in a straight Line to the Eastern Gable of the Infirmary; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road, by Castleshane, to Dublin, leaves the Middletown Road; thence in a straight Line, through the South-eastern Angle of Beech Hill House, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts Pound Hill Lane; thence along a straight Line, drawn from the Point last described to the Diocesan School, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Mall Road; thence, Southward, along the Mall Road to the Point at which the same meets the Road leading from the Dublin Road to Hatchett's Brewery; thence along the Road from the Dublin Road to Hatchett's Brewery, to the North-western Angle of the Dwelling House at Hatchett's Brewery; thence in a straight Line to the Diocesan School; thence in a straight Line to the South-western Angle of the Boundary Wall of the "County Gaol;" thence, Northward, along the said Boundary Wall to the North western Angle thereof; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

NAAS.

NAAS.

FROM the North-western Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the New Barracks, in a straight Line to the Point at which Bladder's Lane leaves the Salins Road; thence along Bladder's Lane to the Point at which the same meets the Dublin Road; thence, Eastward, along the Dublin Road to the North-eastern Angle of Widow Burton's House; thence in a straight Line to Mr. Sheridan's Mill; thence, Southward, along the Stream leading to the said Mill, to the Point at which the said Stream crosses the old Road from Naas to Ballymore; thence in a straight Line to the Southern End of Michael Tool's House, on the Kilkenny Road, and which House is distant Four hundred and fifty Yards (a little more or less), measured, Southward, along such Road, from the Point at which the same leaves the Ballymore Road; thence in a straight Line to the South-western Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the New Barracks; thence, Northward, along the said Wall to the Point first described.

NAVAN.

NAVAN.

FROM a Point on the Dublin Road, which is distant Seven hundred and twenty-eight Yards (a little more or less) measured, Southward, along the Dublin Road, from the South-eastern Angle of Murphy's Malt-house and Distillery, in a straight Line to the Southern Angle of the Boundary Wall in rear of the Seminary Garden; thence in a straight Line to Lees Brook Bridge; thence in a straight Line to Lees Brook Lodge; thence, Northward, along the Fence, in rear of the Houses on the West Side of Chapel Lane, to the Point at which the said Fence turns at right Angles to the South West, and which Point is distant Sixty-eight Yards (a little more or less) from the Street, called Cullamin, or the Brews; thence, Southward, along the Fence in rear of the Houses forming the South Side of the Brews, and parallel to the Brews, to

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NAVAN—(*continued.*)

to the Point at which the said Fence turns Southward; thence along a straight Line, drawn from the Point last described to the Navan Moat, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Trim Road; thence in a straight Line through the Western End of the Fever Hospital, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Athboy Road; thence, Northward, along a Lane, leading from the Point last described on the Athboy Road to Cannon Row, to the Point at which such Lane meets Cannon Row; thence along the Lane, which leads from the Point last described in Cannon Row to Barrack Lane, to the Point at which the same meets Barrack Lane; thence in a straight Line to the North-western Angle of the Boundary Wall of the Barrack; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which New Lane meets the Moynalty Road; thence in a straight Line to Mr. Morgan's House, Flour Hill; thence in a straight Line to the Public-house, called Reilly's; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Lodge Gate of Black Castle Demesne; thence, Southward, along the Boundary Wall of Black Castle Demesne, to the Point at which the same meets the River Boyne; thence in a straight Line to the Bridge over the Lock connecting the Canal with the River Boyne; thence in a straight Line through Mr. Reilly's Cottage, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the River Boyne; thence, Southward, along the River Boyne to the Point first described.

NEW ROSS.

NEW ROSS.

THE Parliamentary Borough of New Ross.

PORTARLINGTON.

PORTARLINGTON.

FROM the Canal Bridge on the Road to Dublin, by Monasterevan, Northward, in a straight Line in the direction of the highest Point of a conspicuous and well-known Hill called Croghan, near Philipstown, in the King's County, until such straight Line cuts the River Barrow; thence, Westward, up the River Barrow, to the Bridge on the Road to Rathangan; thence, Northward, along the Rathangan Road, for about One hundred Yards, to the Point at which a Road to a Bog turns off to the Westward, and an old Road to Monasterevan to the Eastward; thence along the said Road to a Bog, for a distance of Five hundred Yards; thence in a straight Line to a Bridge on the Clonegown Road, which is distant (measured along the said Clonegown Road) about Five hundred Yards to the West of the Point at which the same leaves the Mountmellick Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point called Butler's Ford, at which a small Stream crosses the Mountmellick Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point on the Maryborough Road which is distant about Five hundred and thirty Yards (measured along the said Maryborough Road) from the main Street of Portarlington, and at which a Lane turns off to the Eastward, and runs across to the Emo Park Road; thence along the said Lane to the Emo Park Road, which Road the said Lane meets about Two hundred and fifty Yards (measured along the said Emo Park Road) from the main Street of Portarlington; thence in a straight Line, in the direction of the Spire of Lea Church, until such straight Line cuts the Grand Canal; thence, Eastward, along the Grand Canal, to the Point first described.

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SLIGO.

SLIGO.

FROM the Northern Angle of the New Stone Quay, called "Ballast Bank," Eastward, in a straight Line to the centre of the Bridge on the Road leading from Old Bridge, across the Townland of Cartron to the Townland of Ballincar; thence, Eastward, in a straight Line to the Centre of the Bridge on the Road leading from Old Bridge to the Townland of Carncash; thence, South-eastward, in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of the Sligo Fever Hospital; thence, Southward, in a straight Line to the Point where the Boundary between the Townlands of Abbey Quarter and Cleveragh meets the Southern Bank of the River Garvoge; thence, in a straight Line to the South-eastern Angle of the County Gaol Enclosure Wall; thence, South-westward, in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of the House, called "Peterville," on the Western Side of the Boyle Road; thence, North-westward, in a straight Line to the North-western Angle of the House, called "Rose Hill," now in the occupation of Thomas Read, Esquire; thence, Northward, in a straight Line to the Point at which the North-western Face of Ballast Bank Quay terminates, being about Eighty Yards South-westward of the Point first described; thence, along the North-western Face of such Quay to the Point first described.

STRABANE.

STRABANE.

FROM the Southernmost Angle of the Premises of the Fever Hospital, on the Milltown Road, in a straight Line to the Eastern Side of a House belonging to Mr. R. Buckle, at Clabermore; thence in a straight Line to the South-eastern Angle of a high Wall on Curly Hill Road, at which the Boundary between the respective Parishes of Camus and Lechpatrick leaves the said Road in a Northerly direction; thence, Northward, along the said Boundary to the Point at which the same meets the Lane leading from Strabane to Strabane Glen; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Londonderry Road meets the Road leading to the Canal Basin; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the old Road from Strabane to Lifford meets the Bog Road; thence, Westward, along the old Road to Lifford to the Point at which the same meets the Cross Cut; thence along the Cross Cut to the Point at which the same meets the Lifford Road; thence in a straight Line through the West Side of Mr. O'Neil's House, on the Donegal Road, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Dublin Road; thence in a straight Line to Mr. Simpson's House in Ballycolman Lane; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

TRALEE.

TRALEE.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Tralee.

TRIM.

TRIM.

FROM the South-eastern Angle of the Boundary Wall of the Charter School, Westward, along the said Wall to the South-western Angle of the same; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which a Private Road, leading, Northward, from the Longwood Road, meets the Brook which forms the Boundary between the respective Townlands of South Manor and South Town Parks; thence, Eastward, along the said Brook to the South-western Angle of the old Walls; thence, Northward, along the old Town Wall to Water Gate; thence in a straight Line to the Western Side of the Flour Mill; thence in a straight Line to the Western End of Crowpark House; thence along the Western Boundary Wall of the Garden of Crow Park House, and along the Western Boundary of the Glebe of Trim, to the Point at which the said Boundary meets the Balliver Road; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Gable of a House called the Malt-house; thence in a straight Line to a Point on the Kells Road, which is distant

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TRIM—*continued.*

distant One hundred and twenty Yards (measured, Northward, along the Kells Road) from the Point at which the same crosses a straight Line, drawn from the North-western Angle of the Glebe of Trim through the Northern Gable of the Malt-house; thence in a straight Line to the Abbey Well; thence along the Brook, flowing from the Abbey Well, to the Point at which the same meets the Navan Road; thence in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of the old Town Wall; thence, Southward, along the old Town Wall to the Point at which the same meets the River Boyne; thence in a straight Line to the Tower at the South-eastern Angle of the old Wall surrounding the Castle of Trim; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Road leading from the Wellington Pillar (along the South side of the New Gaol) to the Dublin Road, meets the Dublin Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

TUAM.

TUAM.

FROM the Circular Mound or Old Fort, between the Castlebar and Ballandangan Roads, in a straight Line to the North-eastern Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the Pleasure Grounds, forming part of the Protestant Archbishop's Demesne; thence along a straight Line, drawn from the Point last described to a Tower situated (about Six hundred Yards) to the South of the Dunmore Road, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Dunmore Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Dublin Road is met on the Western Side by a Lane, and which Point is distant Four hundred and eighty Yards, (measured, Southward, along the Dublin Road), from the South-western Angle of the Enclosure Wall of the Court House and Bridewell; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Angle of a small triangular Plantation (called Morris Plantation), on the Eastern Side of the Athenry Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point at which the Wall, skirting the Eastern Border of the Bog, (situated between Tuam and the Village of Clonfert), meets the Galway Road; thence in a straight Line to the Northern Angle of the House called New Grove, on the Castlebar Road; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

WATERFORD.

WATERFORD.

FROM the Point on the North-west Extremity of the Town, where the Yard-wall of the Brewery of Messrs. Davis, Strangman and Company joins the River Suir, in a straight Line to the Point where Summer Hill, Gallows Road and Morgan's Street meet; thence, along the Military Road, Morrisson's Road, Barrack Street, Manor Hill, College Street, Bath Street, across John's Pill at Wyse's Bridge, along Poleberry Street to near the South Corner of Mr. Delander's House; thence, in a straight Line to where the John's Town Road and Upper Newtown Road meet; thence along the Upper Newtown Road towards East Passage, to the Centre of the Road in front of the Orphan House; thence, in a straight Line to, across the River, the Roman Catholic Chapel in the Abbey Church Lands; thence, in a straight Line to Mr. Charles Gatson's Cottage on the Side of Mount Misery; thence, across the River; thence, across the River to the Point first described.

WEXFORD.

WEXFORD.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Wexford.

YOUGHAL.

YOUGHAL.

THE Parliamentary Borough of Youghal.

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SCHEDULE (H.)

BELFAST.

WARDS 5.——ALDERMEN 10.——COUNCILLORS 30.

No. 1.	Dock	Two	Six.
2.	St. Ann's	Two	Six.
3.	Smithfield	Two	Six.
4.	St. George's	Two	Six.
5.	Cromac	Two	Six.

DOCK WARD.

FROM the South-eastern Angle of Donegal Quay, Westward, along Donegal Quay to the Point at which the same meets Waring Street; thence along Waring Street to the Point at which the same meets Mary Street; thence, Northward, along Mary Street to the Point at which the same meets Gordon Street; thence, Eastward, along Gordon Street to the Point at which the same meets James Street; thence along James Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Patrick Street; thence, Westward, along Great Patrick Street to the Point at which the same meets Frederick Street; thence along Frederick Street to the Point at which the same meets North Queen Street; thence, Northward, along North Queen Street to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Northward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point first described.

ST. ANN'S WARD.

FROM the Point at which Waring Street meets Mary Street, Northward, along Mary Street to the Point at which the same meets Gordon Street; thence, Eastward, along Gordon Street to the Point at which the same meets James's Street; thence along James's Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Patrick Street; thence, Westward, along Great Patrick Street to the Point at which the same meets Frederick Street; thence along Frederick Street to the Point at which the same meets North Queen Street; thence, Northward, along North Queen Street to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Westward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets the Old Lodge Road; thence, Eastward, along the Old Lodge Road to the Point at which the same meets North Street; thence, Eastward, along North Street to the Point at which the same meets Waring Street; thence along Waring Street to the Point first described.

BELFAST.

SMITHFIELD WARD.

FROM the Point at which North Street meets Rosemary Street, along Rosemary Street to the Point at which the same meets Hercules Place; thence, Southward, along Hercules Place, passing in front of the Northern Bank, to the Northern End of Donegal Place; thence along Donegal Place to the Point at which the same meets Donegal Square North; thence, Westward, along Donegal Square North to the Point at which the same meets Wellington Place; thence along Wellington Place to the Point at which the same meets College Square East; thence, Northward, along College Square East to the Point at which the same meets College Square North; thence, Westward, along College Square North to the Point at which the same meets Durham Street; thence, Northward, along Durham Street to the Point at which the same meets Pound Street; thence along Pound Street to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Northward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets the Old Lodge Road; thence, Eastward, along the Old Lodge Road to the Point at which the same meets North Street; thence, Eastward, along North Street to the Point first described.

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ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

FROM the South-eastern Angle of Donegal Quay, Westward, along Donegal Quay to the Point at which the same meets Waring Street; thence along Waring Street to the Point at which the same meets Rosemary Street; thence along Rosemary Street to the Point at which the same meets Hercules Place; thence, Southward, along Hercules Place and passing in front of the Northern Bank, to the Northern End of Donegal Place; thence along Donegal Place to the Point at which the same meets Donegal Square North; thence, Eastward, along Donegal Square North to the Point at which the same meets Chichester Street; thence along Chichester Street to the Point at which the same meets the River Lagan; thence, Southward, along the River Lagan to the new Bridge over the River Lagan; thence, Eastward, along the new Road from Belfast to Bangor to the Point at which the same meets the old Road from Belfast to Bangor; thence, Eastward, along the Bangor Road to the Point at which the same crosses the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Northward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point first described.

BELFAST—(*continued.*)

CROMAC WARD.

FROM the Point at which the Boundary of the Borough crosses Pound Street, Southward, along Pound Street to the Point at which the same meets Durham Street; thence along Durham Street to the Point at which the same meets College Square North; thence along College Square North to the Point at which the same meets College Square East; thence along College Square East to the Point at which the same meets Wellington Place; thence along Wellington Place to the Point at which the same meets Donegal Square North; thence along Donegal Square North to the Point at which the same meets Chichester Street; thence along Chichester Street to the Point at which the same meets the River Lagan; thence, Southward, along the River Lagan to the new Bridge over the River Lagan; thence, Eastward, along the New Road from Belfast to Bangor to the Point at which the same meets the Old Road from Belfast to Bangor; thence, Eastward, along the Bangor Road to the Point at which the same crosses the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Southward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point first described.

CLONMEL.

WARDS 2.——ALDERMEN 6.——COUNCILLORS 18.

No. 1.	East	Three	Nine.
2.	West	Three	Nine.

EAST WARD.

FROM the Point at which the Municipal Boundary crosses Upper Johnson Street, Southward, along Upper Johnson Street and Johnson Street, till it reaches Main Street; thence, West, along Main Street till it meets Bridge Street; then South, along Bridge Street, continuing over the Bridge along the Flour Mills, over the Goat's Bridge, to the third small Bridge, where it crosses the Municipal Boundary, and thence along that Boundary, Eastward, to the Point first described.

CLONMEL.

WEST WARD.

FROM the Point at which the Municipal Boundary crosses Upper Johnson Street, along the Boundary of East Ward, to the Point where the Boundary of East Ward cuts the Municipal Boundary, and thence along that Boundary, Westward, to the Point first described.

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CORK.

WARDS 8.——ALDERMEN 16.——COUNCILLORS 48.

No. 1.	Lee	Two	Six.
2.	St. Patrick's	Two	Six.
3.	Glanmire	Two	Six.
4.	Corn Market	Two	Six.
5.	Fin Barr's	Two	Six.
6.	Mansion-House	Two	Six.
7.	Exchange	Two	Six.
8.	Custom House	Two	Six.

LEE WARD.

FROM the Point where Fair Lane meets the Borough Boundary, Southwards, along Fair Lane, Bailey's Lane, Rogerson Lane, Bishop's Lane, Manning's Lane, to Dominick Street, Eastwards, along Dominick Street to Widderly Lane; along Widderly Lane to the River Lee; Westwards, along the River Lee to the Borough Boundary; Northwards, along the Borough Boundary to the Point first described.

ST. PATRICK'S WARD.

FROM the Point where Fair Lane meets the Borough Boundary, Southwards, along Fair Lane, Bailey's Lane, Rogerson Lane, Bishop's Lane, Manning's Lane to Dominick Street; Eastwards, along Dominick Street to Widderly Lane; along Widderly Lane to the River Lee; thence along the River Lee to St. Patrick's Bridge; Northwards, up Bridge Street, St. Patrick's Hill, Audley Place; Eastwards, along the Old Road to Youghal, to the Point at which it is intersected by the New Road to Ballyhooly; thence along the New Road to Ballyhooly, to the Boundary of the Borough; Westwards, along the Boundary of the Borough to the first-named Point.

GLANMIRE WARD.

CORK.

FROM St. Patrick's Bridge, North, up Bridge Street, St. Patrick's Hill, Audley Place; East, along the Old Road to Youghal, to the Point at which it is intersected by the New Road to Ballyhooly; thence along the New Road to Ballyhooly to the Borough Boundary; East, along the Borough Boundary to the River Lee; thence, West, along the River Lee to the Point first described.

CORN MARKET WARD.

FROM Parliament Bridge, East, along the South Channel of the River Lee to the Borough Boundary; thence, South, along the Borough Boundary to Friar's Walk; North, along Friar's Walk to Cat Lane; West, along Cat Lane, Blue Coat Street, Abbey Street, Travers Street, Drunam Street; East, along Sullivan's Quay to the Point first described.

ST. FIN BARR'S WARD.

FROM the Point where Friar's Walk meets the Borough Boundary; North, along Friar's Walk to Cat Lane; West, along Cat Lane to Blue Coat Street; along Blue Coat Street across Abbey Street; along Travers Street, Drunam Street, Sullivan's Quay to Parliament Bridge; West, along the Southern Branch of the River Lee to South Bridge; Northward, up South Main Street to Great George Street; East, along Great George Street to Wandesford Street; along Wandesford Street to Clarke's Bridge; West, along the South Branch of the River Lee to the Borough Boundary; South, along the Borough Boundary to the Point first described.

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MANSION HOUSE WARD.

FROM North Bridge, Southwards, along North Main Street to Great George Street, to Wandesford Street; along Wandesford Street to Clarke's Bridge; thence, West, along the South Branch of the River Lee to the Borough Boundary; North, along the Borough Boundary to the North Branch of the River Lee; East, along the North Branch of the River Lee to the Point first described.

EXCHANGE WARD.

FROM North Bridge, South, along North Main Street; along South Main Street to South Bridge; East, along the South Channel of the River Lee to the Point opposite Queen Street; thence to Queen Street; along Queen Street to South Mall; West, along South Mall to Marlborough Street; along Marlborough Street, across St. Patrick's Street to Academy Street; along Academy Street, Half Moon Street to the North Channel; West, along the North Channel to the Point first described.

CORK—(*continued.*)

CUSTOM HOUSE WARD.

FROM the Point on the South Channel of the River Lee, opposite Queen Street, direct to Queen Street; North, along Queen Street to South Mall; West, along South Mall to Marlborough Street; along Marlborough Street, across St. Patrick's Street to Academy Street; along Academy Street, Half Moon Street, to the North Channel; East, along the North Channel and round the Island; and West, along the South Channel to the Point first described.

DROGHEDA.

WARDS 3.——ALDERMEN 6.——COUNCILLORS 18.

No. 1.	Westgate -	Two - - -	Six.
2.	Fair Gate -	Two - - -	Six.
3.	St. Lawrence Gate,	Two - - -	Six.

WEST GATE WARD.

COMMENCING at the Borough Boundary on the North Road, and thence in a South-easterly direction down the centre of the North Road to its Intersection with Fair Street; thence, Easterly, down Fair Street, to its Intersection with Scholes Lane; thence, Southerly, down Scholes Lane, to its Intersection with West Street; thence, Easterly, down West Street, to its Intersection with Shop Street; thence, Southerly, down Shop Street, over the Bridge, up Bull Ring to its Intersection with Barrack Lane; thence, South-westerly, up Barrack Lane, past the Barracks, to its Intersection with Duleck Street; thence up Duleck Street to the Borough Boundary at Cooley Bridge; thence, Westerly, round the Borough Boundary across the River, keeping the Boundary to the Point first named.

DROGHEDA.

FAIR GATE WARD.

COMMENCING at the Borough Boundary on the North Road as before, and coming in a South-easterly direction down the centre of the North Road to its Intersection with Fair Street; thence, Easterly, down Fair Street to its Intersection with Scholes Lane; thence, Southerly, down Scholes Lane to its Intersection with West Street; thence, Easterly, down West Street to its Intersection with Peter Street; thence, Northerly, up Peter Street to where it meets the Ends of William Street and Fair Street; thence, Easterly, down William Street to its Intersection with Palace Street; thence, Northerly, up Palace Street to its Intersection with Scarlet Lane; thence, Easterly, down Scarlet Lane to the Borough Boundary; thence, Westerly, round the Borough Boundary to the Point first named on the North Road.

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ST. LAWRENCE GATE WARD.

DROGHEDA—(*continued.*)

COMMENCING at the West End of St. Lawrence Street, where that Street, Peter Street, West Street and Shop Street all meet; thence, Northerly, up Peter Street till it meets the Ends of Fair Street and William Street; thence, Easterly, down William Street, to its Intersection with Palace Street; thence, Northerly, up Palace Street, to its Intersection with Scarlet Lane; thence, Easterly, down Scarlet Lane, to the Borough Boundary; thence, Southerly, along the Borough Boundary, crossing the River, and continuing the Boundary to Cooley Bridge; thence, Northerly, down Duleek Street, keeping the Eastern Boundary of West Gate Ward, to the Intersection of Shop Street, Lawrence Street and Peter Street, being the Point first named.

DUBLIN.

WARDS 16.——ALDERMEN 16.——COUNCILLORS 48.

No. 1. College	One	Three.
2. Merrion	One	Three.
3. St. Stephen's	One	Three.
4. St. Andrew's	One	Three.
5. Castle	One	Three.
6. St. Patrick's	One	Three.
7. St. Audeon's	One	Three.
8. St. Catherine's	One	Three.
9. St. James's	One	Three.
10. Custom-House	One	Three.
11. St. George's	One	Three.
12. Post Office	One	Three.
13. Linen Hall	One	Three.
14. Four-Courts	One	Three.
15. St. Paul's	One	Three.
16. Donybrook	One	Three.

COLLEGE WARD.

DUBLIN.

FROM Carlisle Bridge, over the River Liffey, along Westmoreland Street to the Point at which the same meets the Eastern Side of College Green; thence along the Eastern Side of College Green to the Point at which the same meets Grafton Street; thence along Grafton Street to the Point at which the same meets Nassau Street; thence along Nassau Street to the Point at which the same meets Leinster Street; thence along Leinster Street to the Point at which the same meets Park Street; thence along Park Street to the Point at which the same meets Harcourt Place; thence along Harcourt Place to the Point at which the same meets Cumberland Street; thence along Cumberland Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Brunswick Street; thence, Eastward, along Great Brunswick Street to the Point at which the same meets the Ringsend Road; thence along the Ringsend Road to the Point at which the same meets the River Dodder; thence, Northward, along the River Dodder to the Point at which the same meets the River Liffey; thence, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

MERRION WARD.

FROM the Point at which Nassau Street meets Dawson Street, along Dawson Street to the Point at which the same meets St. Stephen's Green North; thence, Eastward, along St. Stephen's Green North to the Point at which the same meets Merrion Row; thence along Merrion Row to the Point at which the same meets Upper Merrion Street; thence along Upper Merrion Street to the Point at which

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which the same meets Merrion Square South; thence along Merrion Square South to the Point at which the same meets Upper Mount Street; thence along Upper Mount Street to the Point at which the same meets the Grand Canal; thence, Northward, along the Grand Canal to the Point at which the same meets Grand Canal Street; thence, Eastward, along Grand Canal Street to the Point at which the same meets Barrow Street; thence along Barrow Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Brunswick Street; thence, Westward, along Great Brunswick Street to the Point at which the same meets Cumberland Street; thence along Cumberland Street to the Point at which the same meets Harcourt Place; thence, Westward, along Harcourt Place to the Point at which the same meets Park Street; thence along Park Street to the Point at which the same meets Leinster Street; thence, Westward, along Leinster Street to the Point at which the same meets Nassau Street; thence along Nassau Street to the Point first described.

St. Stephen's Ward.

From the Point at which Dawson Street meets St. Stephen's Green North, Westward, along St. Stephen's Green North to the Point at which the same meets King Street South; thence along King Street South to the Point at which the same meets Mercer Street; thence along Mercer Street to the Point at which the same meets French Street; thence along French Street to the Point at which the same meets Cuff Street; thence, Eastward, along Cuff Street to the Point at which the same meets Harcourt Street; thence along Harcourt Street to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets the Grand Canal; thence, Eastward, along the Grand Canal to the Point at which the same meets Upper Mount Street; thence along Upper Mount Street to the Point at which the same meets Merrion Square South; thence along Merrion Square South to the Point at which the same meets Upper Merrion Street; thence along Upper Merrion Street to the Point at which the same meets Merrion Row; thence, Westward, along Merrion Row to the Point at which the same meets St. Stephen's Green North; thence along St. Stephen's Green North to the Point first described.

DUBLIN—(*continued.*)

St. Andrew's Ward.

From Carlisle Bridge, over the River Liffey, along Westmoreland Street to the Point at which the same meets the Eastern Side of College Green; thence along the Eastern Side of College Green to the Point at which the same meets Grafton Street; thence along Grafton Street to the Point at which the same meets Nassau Street; thence along Nassau Street to the Point at which the same meets Dawson Street; thence along Dawson Street to the Point at which the same meets St. Stephen's Green North; thence, Westward, along St. Stephen's Green North to the Point at which the same meets King Street South; thence along King Street South to the Point at which the same meets Johnstone's Place; thence along Johnstone's Place to the Point at which the same meets Lower Stephen Street; thence along Lower Stephen Street to the Point at which the same meets Drury Lane; thence along Drury Lane to the Point at which the same meets Fade Street; thence, Westward, along Fade Street to the Point at which the same meets Great George Street; thence, Northward, along Great George Street to the Point at which the same meets Dame Street; thence, Westward, along Dame Street to the Point at which the same meets Parliament Street; thence along Parliament Street to Essex Bridge, over the River Liffey; thence, Eastward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

Castle Ward.

From Essex Bridge over the River Liffey, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point at which the same meets Fishamble Street; thence along Fishamble Street to the Point at which the same meets Werburgh Street; thence along Werburgh Street to the Point at which the same meets Bride Street; thence along Bride Street to the Point at which the same meets Bishop Street; thence, Eastward, along Bishops Street to the Point at which the same meets Redmond Hill; thence, Southward, along

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along Redmond Hill to the Point at which the same meets Cuff Street; thence Eastward, along Cuff Street to the Point at which the same meets French Street; thence along French Street to the Point at which the same meets Mercer Street; thence along Mercer Street to the Point at which the same meets Johnstone's Place; thence along Johnstone's Place to the Point at which the same meets Lower Stephen Street; thence along Lower Stephen Street to the Point at which the same meets Drury Lane; thence along Drury Lane to the Point at which the same meets Fade Street; thence, Westward, along Fade Street to the Point at which the same meets Great George Street South; thence, Northward, along Great George Street South, to the Point at which the same meets Dame Street; thence, Westward, along Dame Street to the Point at which the same meets Parliament Street; thence along Parliament Street to the Point first described.

ST. PATRICK'S WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Fishamble Street, along Fishamble Street to the Point at which the same meets Werburgh Street; thence along Werburgh Street to the Point at which the same meets Bride Street; thence along Bride Street to the Point at which the same meets Bishop Street; thence, Eastward, along Bishop Street to the Point at which the same meets Redmond Hill; thence, along Redmond Hill to the Point at which the same meets Cuff Street; thence, Eastward, along Cuff Street to the Point at which the same meets Harcourt Street; thence along Harcourt Street to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Westward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets Clanbrassil Street; thence, Northward, along Clanbrassil Street to the Point at which the same meets New Street; thence along New Street to the Point at which the same meets Patrick Street; thence along Patrick Street to the Point at which the same meets Nicholas Street; thence along Nicholas Street to the Point at which the same meets Back Lane; thence along Back Lane to the Point at which the same meets High Street; thence, Eastward, along High Street to the Point at which the same meets School House Lane; thence along School House Lane to the Point at which the same meets Skipper's Alley; thence along Skipper's Alley to the Point at which the same meets the River Liffey; thence, Eastward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

DUBLIN—(*continued.*)

ST. AUDEON'S WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Skipper's Alley, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point at which the same meets Meeting House Yard; thence along Meeting House Yard to the Point at which the same meets New Row; thence along New Row to the Point at which the same meets Thomas Street; thence, Westward, along Thomas Street to the Point at which the same meets Meath Row; thence along Meath Row to the Point at which the same meets Meath Street; thence along Meath Street to the Point at which the same meets Brabazon Street; thence along Brabazon Street to the Point at which the same meets Brabazon Row; thence along Brabazon Row to the Point at which the same meets New Market; thence, Westward, along New Market to the Point at which the same meets Chamber Street; thence along Chamber Street to the Point at which the same meets Weaver's Square; thence along Weaver's Square to the Point at which the same meets Brown Street; thence along Brown Street to the Point at which the same meets Love Lane; thence, Southward, along Love Lane to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets Clanbrassil Street; thence, Northward, along Clanbrassil Street to the Point at which the same meets New Street; thence along New Street to the Point at which the same meets Patrick Street; thence along Patrick Street to the Point at which the same meets Nicholas Street; thence along Nicholas Street to the Point at which the same meets Back Lane; thence along Back Lane to the Point at which the same meets High Sreet; thence, Eastward, along High Street to the Point at which the same meets School House Lane; thence along School House Lane to the Point at which the same meets Skipper's Alley; thence along Skipper's Alley to the Point first described.

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ST. CATHERINE'S WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Meeting House Yard, along Meeting House Yard to the Point at which the same meets New Row; thence along New Row to the Point at which the same meets Thomas Street; thence, Westward, along Thomas Street to the Point at which the same meets Meath Row; thence along Meath Row to the Point at which the same meets Meath Street; thence along Meath Street to the Point at which the same meets Brabazon Street; thence along Brabazon Street to the Point at which the same meets Brabazon Row; thence along Brabazon Row to the Point at which the same meets New Market; thence, Westward, along New Market to the Point at which the same meets Chamber Street; thence along Chamber Street to the Point at which the same meets Weaver's Square; thence along Weaver's Square to the Point at which the same meets Brown Street; thence along Brown Street to the Point at which the same meets Love Lane; thence, Southward, along Love Lane to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Westward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same crosses the Branch of the Grand Canal which leads to the City Basin; thence, Eastward, along the said Branch of the Grand Canal to the Point at which the same meets Forbes Lane; thence along Forbes Lane to the Point at which the same meets Marrobone Lane; thence, Northward, along Marrobone Lane to the Point at which the same meets Thomas's Court; thence along Thomas's Court to the Point at which the same meets Thomas Street; thence, Eastward, along Thomas Street to the Point at which the same meets Bridge Foot Street; thence along Bridge Foot Street to Queen's Bridge, over the River Liffey; thence, Eastward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

ST. JAMES'S WARD.

FROM Queen's Bridge, over the River Liffey, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point at which the same crosses the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Southward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same crosses the Branch of the Grand Canal which leads to the City Basin; thence, Eastward, along the said Branch of the Grand Canal to the Point at which the same meets Forbes Lane; thence along Forbes Lane to the Point at which the same meets Marrobone Lane; thence, Northward, along Marrobone Lane to the Point at which the same meets Thomas's Court; thence, Northward, along Thomas's Court to the Point at which the same meets Thomas Street; thence, Eastward, along Thomas Street to the Point at which the same meets Bridge Foot Street; thence along Bridge Foot Street to the Point first described.

DUBLIN—(*continued.*)

CUSTOM-HOUSE WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Marlborough Street, along Marlborough Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Britain Street; thence, Eastward, along Great Britain Street to the Point at which the same meets Summer Hill; thence along Summer Hill to the Point at which the same meets Summer Hill Parade; thence along Summer Hill Parade to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets the River Liffey; thence, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

FROM the Point at which the Boundary of the Borough meets Summer Hill Parade, Westward, along Summer Hill Parade, to the Point at which the same meets Summer Hill; thence along Summer Hill to the Point at which the same meets Great Britain Street; thence along Great Britain Street to the Point at which the same meets Granby Row; thence along Granby Row to the Point at which the same meets Rutland Square West; thence along Rutland Square West to the Northernmost Point at which the same meets Granby Row; thence along Granby Row to the Point at which the same meets Lower Dorset Street; thence, Northward, along Lower Dorset Street to the Point at which the same meets Upper Dorset Street; thence along Upper

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Upper Dorset Street to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary to the Borough to the Point first described.

POST OFFICE WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Marlborough Street, along Marlborough Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Britain Street; thence, Westward, along Great Britain Street to the Point at which the same meets Jervis Street; thence along Jervis Street to the Point at which the same meets Swift's Row; thence along Swift's Row to the Point at which the same meets the River Liffey; thence, Eastward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

LINEN HALL WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Arran Street East, along Arran Street East to the Point at which the same meets Boot Lane; thence along Boot Lane to the Point at which the same meets Petticoat Lane; thence along Petticoat Lane to the Point at which the same meets Green Street; thence along Green Street to the Point at which the same meets King Street North; thence, Westward, along King Street North, to the Point at which the same meets Coleraine Street; thence along Coleraine Street to the Point at which the same meets Constitution Hill; thence, Northward, along Constitution Hill to the Point at which the same meets the Branch of the Royal Canal which leads to the Royal Canal Harbour; thence, Northward, along the said Branch of the Royal Canal to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets Upper Dorset Street; thence, Southward, along Upper Dorset Street to the Point at which the same meets Lower Dorset Street; thence along Lower Dorset Street to the Point at which the same meets Granby Row; thence along Granby Row to the Point at which the same meets Rutland Square West; thence along Rutland Square West to the Southernmost Point at which the same meets Granby Row; thence along Granby Row to the Point at which the same meets Great Britain Street; thence, Westward, along Great Britain Street to the Point at which the same meets Jervis Street; thence along Jervis Street to the Point at which the same meets Swift's Row; thence along Swift's Row to the Point at which the same meets the River Liffey; thence, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

DUBLIN—(*continued.*)

FOUR-COURTS WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Liffey meets Arran Street East, along Arran Street East, to the Point at which the same meets Boot Lane; thence along Boot Lane to the Point at which the same meets Petticoat Lane; thence along Petticoat Lane to the Point at which the same meets Green Street; thence along Green Street to the Point at which the same meets King Street North; thence, Westward, along King Street North to the Point at which the same meets Coleraine Street; thence along Coleraine Street to the Point at which the same meets Constitution Hill; thence, Northward, along Constitution Hill to the Point at which the same meets the Branch of the Royal Canal which leads to the Royal Canal Harbour; thence, Northward, along the said Branch of the Royal Canal to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Westward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same crosses the Bradogue Water; thence, Southward, along the Bradogue Water to the North Western Angle of the Richmond Penitentiary; thence, Southward, along the Western Front of the Richmond Penitentiary to the Southernmost Point at which the same meets Grange Gormon Lane; thence, Southward, along Grange Gorman Lane to the Point at which the same meets George's Lane; thence along George's Lane to the Point at which the same meets King Street North; thence, Eastward, along King Street North to the Point at which the same meets Bow Street; thence along Bow Street to the Point at which the same meets May Lane; thence along May Lane to the Point at which the same meets Old Church Street; thence, Southward, along Old Church Street to Whitworth Bridge over the River Liffey; thence, Eastward, along the River Liffey to the Point first described.

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ST. PAUL'S WARD.

FROM Whitworth Bridge over the River Liffey, Westward, along the River Liffey to the Point at which the same crosses the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Northward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same crosses the Bradogue Water; thence, Southward, along the Bradogue Water to the North Western Angle of the Richmond Penitentiary; thence, Southward, along the Western Front of the Richmond Penitentiary to the Southernmost Point at which the same meets Grange Gorman Lane; thence, Southward, along Grange Gorman Lane to the Point at which the same meets George's Lane; thence along George's Lane to the Point at which the same meets King Street North; thence, Eastward, along King Street North to the Point at which the same meets Bow Street; thence along Bow Street to the Point at which the same meets May Lane; thence along May Lane to the Point at which the same meets Old Church Street; thence, Southward, along Old Church Street to the Point first described.

DUBLIN—(*continued.*)

DONYBROOK WARD.

FROM the Easternmost Point at which the Boundary of the Borough meets the Grand Canal, Eastward, along the Grand Canal to the Point at which the same meets Grand Canal Street; thence, Eastward, along Grand Canal Street to the Point at which the same meets Barrow Street; thence along Barrow Street to the Point at which the same meets Great Brunswick Street; thence, Eastward, along Great Brunswick Street to the Point at which the same meets the Ringsend Road; thence along the Ringsend Road to the Point at which the same meets the River Dodder; thence, Northward, along the River Dodder to the Point at which the same meets the River Liffey; thence, Eastward, along the River Liffey to the Point at which the same crosses the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Southward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point first described.

GALWAY.

WARDS 3.——ALDERMEN 6.——COUNCILLORS 18.

No. 1.	West	Two	Six.
2.	North	Two	Six.
3.	South	Two	Six.

WEST WARD.

FROM the Point at which Lough Corrib cuts the Municipal Boundary, Southward, down the centre of the Lough, to the new Bridge; thence, down the centre of the River of Galway, to the West Bridge; thence in a right line to the Head of the Pier, forming the Northern Side of the Fishing Boats Harbour; thence, along the Bank of the River of Galway, to the Head of the Slate Pier; thence, Westward, along the Municipal Boundary, to the Point first described.

GALWAY.

NORTH WARD.

FROM the Point at which Lough Corrib cuts the Municipal Boundary, Southward, down the centre of the Lough, to the new Bridge; thence, down the centre of the River of Galway, to the West Bridge; thence, Eastward, along the West Bridge, Bridge Street, the Main Guard, Shop Street, William Street, the North Side of Eyre or Meyrick Square and Bohermore Road to the Municipal Boundary; thence, Northward, along the Municipal Boundary, to the Point first described.

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SOUTH WARD.

GALWAY—(*continued.*)

FROM the Point at which the Bohermore Road cuts the Municipal Boundary, Westward, along the Bohermore Road, the North Side of Eyre or Meyrick Square, William Street, Shop Street, the Main Guard and Bridge Street; thence, South-eastward, along the Bank of the River of Galway and the Sea-shore, to the Municipal Boundary; thence, Northward, along the Municipal Boundary, to the Point first described.

KILKENNY.

WARDS 3.——ALDERMEN 6.——COUNCILLORS 18.

No. 1.	East - -	Two - - -	Six.
2.	St. Mary's -	Two - - -	Six.
3.	St. Canice's -	Two - - -	Six.

EAST WARD.

KILKENNY.

FROM the Bridge where the Brega River crosses the Castle Blunden Road, Easterly, down Upper Walkins Street and Lower Walkins Street, to its Intersection with High Street; thence, Southerly, along High Street, to its Junction with Patrick Street; thence, Easterly, down Rose Inn Street, to the centre of Saint John's Bridge, and along the centre of the River Nore, Northerly, till it intersects the City Boundary; thence, following the said Boundary, Eastward, to the Bridge over the Brega, on the Castle Blunden Road.

ST. MARY'S WARD.

FROM the centre of St. John's Bridge, Westerly, up Rose Inn Street, to its Point of meeting with Patrick Street and High Street; thence, Northerly, along High Street, Coal Market, Watergate, Bull Alley, Vicar Street, Bishop's Hill, and along the Freshford Road, till it meets the Borough Boundary; thence along the said Boundary, Eastward, to the centre of the River Nore, and, Southerly, along the River to St. John's Bridge.

ST. CANICE'S WARD.

FROM the Bridge over the Brega, on the Castle Blunden Road, Northward, along the Boundary of East Ward, till it joins the High Street; thence, Northerly, along High Street, Coal Market, Water Gate, Bull Alley, Vicar's Street, Bishop's Hill, and along the Freshford Road, till it meets the City Boundary; thence, Westerly, along the said Boundary, to the Bridge over the Brega, on the Castle Blunden Road.

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LIMERICK.

WARDS 5.—ALDERMEN 10.—COUNCILLORS 30.

No. 1.	Thomond Bridge	Two	Six.
2.	John Street	Two	Six.
3.	Patrick's Street	Two	Six.
4.	Glentworth Street	Two	Six.
5.	Richmond Place	Two	Six.

THOMOND BRIDGE WARD.

FROM the Point of Barrington Quay, along the Municipal Boundary, to the North Point of the King's Island; thence, Southward and Westward, along Salmon Weir River, till it reaches the Shannon; thence, South-westerly, along the Shannon to the Point first described.

JOHN STREET WARD.

FROM the Commencement of the Canal in the Salmon Weir River to the Centre of the Park Bridge which crosses the Canal; thence in a straight line to the Centre of the Cupola of the Lunatic Asylum; thence in a straight line to the Point where the Wilmont Road meets the Roxborough Road; thence, Northerly, along the Roxborough Road, Upper William Street, High Street, Mungret Street, to the Centre of Ball's Bridge; thence to the Point first described.

PATRICK STREET WARD.

LIMERICK.

FROM the Shannon, by a straight line through the Centre of Bedford Row; thence through Thomas Street; thencethrough Part of Wickham Street into High Street; thence through High Street, Mungret Street, Broad Street, to the Centre of Ball's Bridge; thence along the Stream passing under New Bridge to the Shannon, and along its Course, Southward, to the Line of Bedford's Row produced.

GLENTWORTH STREET WARD.

FROM the Shannon by a straight line through the Centre of Mallow Street; thence, Westerly, through a Part of Bohirboy Street to Carey's Road; thence along Carey's Road to the John Street Ward Boundary in the Roxborough Road; thence along that Boundary to the Patrick Street Ward; thence along the Patrick Street Ward Boundary to the Shannon; and along its Course, Southward, to the Line of Mallow Street produced. From the Shannon, along the Municipal Boundary, to the extreme Southerly Point; thence, Northwards, along the same Boundary to the John Street Ward Boundary; thence along the John Street Ward Boundary to the Glentworth Street Boundary; thence along the Glentworth Street Boundary to the Shannon; and along its Course, Westwards, to the Municipal Boundary.

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LONDONDERRY.

WARDS 3.——ALDERMEN 6.——COUNCILLORS 18

No. 1.	North	Two	Six.
2.	East	Two	Six.
3.	South	Two	Six.

NORTH WARD.

FROM the Corporation Hall in a straight Line to the Point at which Ship Quay Street meets the Diamond; thence along Ship Quay Street to the Point at which the same meets the Wooden Quay; thence along the Wooden Quay and along a straight Line, drawn in prolongation of the Wooden Quay, to the Point at which such straight Line cuts the Boundary of the Borough; thence Northward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets the Avenue to the Bishop's Demesne; thence, Eastward, along the said Avenue to the Point at which the same meets Long Moor Lane; thence along Long Moor Lane to the Point at which the same meets the Rope Walk; thence along the Rope Walk to the Point at which the same meets St. Columb's Well Road; thence, Northward, along St. Columb's Well Road to the Point at which the same meets the Cow Bog; thence along the Cow Bog to Butcher Gate; thence along Butcher Street to the Point at which the same meets the Diamond; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

EAST WARD.

FROM the Corporation Hall in a straight Line to the Point at which Ferry Quay Street meets the Diamond; thence along Ferry Quay Street to the Point at which the same meets Pump Street; thence along Pump Street to the Point at which the same meets Widow's Row; thence, Southward, along Widow's Row to the Point at which the same meets Fountain Street; thence, Westward, along Fountain Street to the Point at which the same meets Wapping Lane; thence along Wapping Lane to the Point at which the same meets the River Foyle; thence, Southward, along the River Foyle to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Eastward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same crosses a straight Line drawn in prolongation of the Wooden Quay; thence along such straight Line to the Eastern End of the Wooden Quay; thence along the Wooden Quay to the Point at which the same meets Ship Quay Street; thence along Ship Quay Street to the Point at which the same meets the Diamond; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

LONDONDERRY.

SOUTH WARD.

FROM the Corporation Hall in a straight Line to the Point at which Ferry Quay Street meets the Diamond; thence along Ferry Quay Street to the Point at which the same meets Pump Street; thence along Pump Street to the Point at which the same meets Widow's Row; thence, Southward, along Widow's Row to the Point at which the same meets Fountain Street; thence, Westward, along Fountain Street to the Point at which the same meets Wapping Lane; thence along Wapping Lane to the Point at which the same meets the River Foyle; thence, Southward, along the River Foyle to the Point at which the same meets the Boundary of the Borough; thence, Westward, along the Boundary of the Borough to the Point at which the same meets the Rope Walk; thence along the Rope Walk to the Point at which the same meets St. Columb's Well Road; thence, Northward, along St. Columb's Well Road to the Point at which the same meets the Cow Bog; thence along the Cow Bog to Butcher Gate; thence along Butcher Street to the Point at which the same meets the Diamond; thence in a straight Line to the Point first described.

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SLIGO.

WARDS 3.——ALDERMEN 6.——COUNCILLORS 18.

No 1.	North	Two	Six.
2.	East	Two	Six.
3.	West	Two	Six.

NORTH WARD.

SLIGO.

FROM the Point at which the River Garvoge cuts the Municipal Boundary, Westward, along the River to the Centre of Old Bridge; thence along Old Bridge or Bridgefoot Street, Wine Street, and the Road which forms the Boundary between the Townlands of Rathedmond and Knappaghbeg to the Point at which such Road meets the Municipal Boundary; thence, Northward, along the Municipal Boundary to the Point first described.

EAST WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Garvoge cuts the Municipal Boundary, Westward, along the River to the Centre of Old Bridge; thence along Old Bridge or Bridgefoot Street, Knox's Street, Radcliff Street, Market Street, High Street, Pound Street, and the Boyle Mail Coach Road, to the Point at which such Road meets the Municipal Boundary; thence, North-eastward, along the Municipal Boundary to the Point first described.

WEST WARD.

FROM the Point at which the Boyle Mail Coach Road cuts the Municipal Boundary, along such Road, Pound Street, High Street, Market Street, Radcliff Street, Knox's Street, Wine Street, and the Road which forms the Boundary between the Townlands of Rathedmond and Knappaghbeg, to the Point at which such Road meets the Municipal Boundary; thence, Southward, along the Municipal Boundary to the Point first described.

WATERFORD.

WARDS 5.——ALDERMEN 10.——COUNCILLORS 30.

No. 1.	Tower	Two	Six.
2.	Custom-House	Two	Six.
3.	Centre	Two	Six.
4.	West	Two	Six.
5.	South	Two	Six.

TOWER WARD.

WATERFORD.

FROM the Point at which the River Suir meets Henrietta Street, along Henrietta Street to the Point at which the same meets the open space in front of Christ Church; thence in a straight line to Colebeck Street, along Colebeck Street; thence through Beresford Street to John's Street; thence through a Part of John Street to John's Bridge; thence along the centre of John's Pill to Wyse's Bridge; thence along the Municipal Boundary, Eastward, to the River Bank, and along the Course of the River to the Point first described.

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WATERFORD (*continued.*)

CUSTOM HOUSE WARD.

FROM the Point at which the River Suir meets Henrietta Street, along the Boundary of Tower Ward, until it meets John's Street; thence, to the North, through Part of John Street, Michael Street, Broad-street, and Barron Strand Street, to the River; and thence along its Course to the Point first described.

CENTRE WARD.

FROM the Quay, opposite Barron Strand Street, along the Boundary of Custom House Ward to where Patrick's Street crosses it; along Patrick's Street, Westwards, to Ballybricken; along the West Wall of the County Gaol, across Barker Street, along Henry Street and Hanover Street to the River; and thence to the Point first described.

WEST WARD.

FROM the Quay, opposite Hanover Street, along the Boundary of Centre Ward, to where it meets Ballybricken; thence, Westwards, along Ballybricken and Morgan Street, to the Point on the Municipal Boundary where Summer Hill, Gallows Road and Morgan Street meet; thence along the Municipal Boundary across the River. This Ward to include also the whole space comprehended within the Parliamentary Boundary on the North Side of the River Suir.

SOUTH WARD.

FROM the Point in the Municipal Boundary where Summer Hill, Gallows Road and Morgan Street meet; along the Boundary of West Ward, through Morgan Street, Ballybricken and Patrick's Street, to the Boundary of Custom House Ward; along that Boundary to the Point where it meets the Boundary of Tower Ward; along the Boundary of Tower Ward to Wyse's Bridge; and thence along the Municipal Boundary to the Point first described.

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